Parliament vol 5.

A

COPY of the POLL,

Taken the Thirty-first of JANUARY,

And the following Day,

In the Year of our LORD, 1794;

AT THE

Guildhall, in the Borough of *New Windsor*,

In the County of BERKS;

AT

An Election of a Repreſentative to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough,

IN THE ROOM OF

Penyſton Portlock Powney, Eſq. deceaſed;

BEFORE

PAUL PERRYMAN, Gent.

MAYOR of the BOROUGH aforeſaid.

CANDIDATES.

HENRY ISHERWOOD, ESQ.

WILLIAM GRANT, ESQ.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

The COUNCIL's Objections to particular VOTES;

Tending to Eſtabliſh the Uſage of the BOROUGH with reſpect to the LAW of ELECTIONS.

WINDSOR:

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1794

PREFACE.

NOtwithſtanding However *unuſual it may have been, with Reporters of Elections, to prefix ſomething to their Copies of the Polls, by way of Preface, in order to reconcile oppoſite Parties; the Editor of the preſent Copy, cannot help expreſſing the Satisfaction he feels in making the following Remarks.*

'Tis true, the Conteſt herein decided, was maintained with ſome degree of Obſtinacy; which, probably, had its riſe in a mere Miſtake;---a Punctilio: Be that as it may, the declared Political Principles of each Candidate, as well as their known and experienced Attachment to the King and Conſtitution, are ſuch, as fully to juſtify any Elector in chooſing either of them. It muſt therefore be ſuppoſed, that the Voters in general have been influenced only by motives of gratitude, friendſhip, connexion, or dependance; and that as theſe conſiderations apply almoſt equally to all, it is hoped no one will condemn that in others, which he excuſes in himſelf.

CASTLE-STREET,
February 8th, 1794.

INTRODUCTION.

AGREEABLY to the Proclamation of the Precept, made on the preceding *Monday*, the Court met at about nine o'clock in the Morning, on *Friday*, the 31ſt of *January*. After the Ceremonies of reading the Writ, ſwearing the Returning Officer, as alſo the Poll Clerk, Mr. JOHN RAMSBOTTOM nominated HENRY ISHERWOOD, of *Old Windſor*, Eſq. as a Candidate fully entitled, in his opinion, to the ſuffrages of the Electors. Mr. RAMSBOTTOM obſerved, that Mr. ISHERWOOD's pretenſions to Repreſent the Borough in Parliament, were too well known to every individual in the Town and Neighbourhood, to ſtand in need of any eulogium or enumeration.

If an uniform, zealous, and loyal Attachment in Mr. ISHERWOOD and his Family, for more than Fifty Years paſt, had any claim to their favour, Mr. ISHERWOOD moſt amply poſſeſſed that claim. He would not, therefore, attempt to take up more of their time; but conclude with anxiouſly wiſhing, that the ſame Friendſhip, the ſame Harmony, and the ſame Intercourſe and Connection might continue among them after the Conteſt, which ſubſiſted before.

Mr. ISHERWOOD then came forward, and addreſſed the Electors in a conciſe, though ſomewhat forcible Speech. He could not but obſerve, he ſaid, that he had experienced oppoſition and miſrepreſentation from thoſe to whom he had, for a long ſeries of years, rendered his moſt zealous ſupport; notwithſtanding which, ſhould he be ſo fortunate as to become the object of their choice, he ſhould ſteadily perſevere in his Attachment to the King and Conſtitution; that the important Intereſts of the Country ſhould receive his beſt Attention, and thoſe of the Borough of *Windſor*, in particular, his more immediate care.

Mr. LOATHIS then propoſed WILLIAM GRANT, of the *Inner Temple*, Eſq. as a Gentleman highly qualified to ſuſtain the important Character of a Repreſentative in Parliament for the Borough of *New Windſor*. Mr. LOATHIS was ſeconded by Mr. PROCTOR, upon which Mr. GRANT addreſſed the Electors in an animated Speech, conceived nearly in the following terms.

He could not but regret that the harmony which, for a conſiderable time paſt, had ſubſiſted among the Inhabitants of the Borough, in the choice of their Repreſentatives, ſhould, upon this occaſion, have been unfortunately diſturbed. It was ſome conſolation to him, however, to reflect that the preſent diſunion was not of his creating; becauſe, when he firſt formed the idea of offering himſelf to the Electors as a Candidate, he had reaſon to believe that the Gentlemen whom he ſaw arrayed againſt him, were ſo well inclined towards

that intereſt by which he had the honour to be ſupported and encouraged, that they would have chearfully afforded him every aſſiſtance in their power.---Not for his ſake;---not from any perſonal attachment to him;---but from a diſpoſition in them to give a fair and liberal credit to any perſon that ſhould be ſo ſupported, for not being entirely unworthy of their confidence, or wholly unfit for their ſervice. Relying on that diſpoſition, he reſolved to offer his ſervices to them, and to the reſt of the Electors; not with a deſign of ſtirring up an oppoſition, or breaking in upon the tranquillity of the Borough; but with ſtrong, recent, and particular reaſons for thinking that an oppoſition, from the quarter from whence it had come, was of all things the leaſt to be expected. If immediately after the vacancy happened, a Gentleman, ſuch as his opponent, of great reſpectability, with much local intereſt, and many local connections; and above all, poſſeſſing the ſame principles which he himſelf held, and wiſhed to ſee triumphant, had thought fit to declare himſelf a Candidate, he ſhould have been extremely unwilling to have oppoſed him: Becauſe, independently of all conſiderations of the event, he ſhould have thought it unwiſe to create a diviſion concerning particular perſons, among thoſe who were happily united in the ſame public cauſe. Much were it to be wiſhed, that there had every where exiſted the ſame averſion to ſtrife, and the ſame apprehenſion of its ill conſequences. But he muſt ſay, that a Conteſt, with all its evils, was the voluntary and deliberate choice of his opponent. For at the moment when Mr. ISHERWOOD firſt declared his

intentions, he knew that another Candidate had reſolved to offer his ſervices; and that he (Mr. GRANT) was that Candidate. What the objections were to his principles, character, or perſon, which induced his opponent to depart from the reſolution he appears to have at firſt formed, and to create the very conteſt which he affects to lament, he expected that day to have heard explicitly ſtated, either by himſelf, or the Gentleman by whom he was propoſed. To his principles he thought the Gentleman could not conſiſtently object; for he was at great pains to have it thought that his own were preciſely the ſame which he himſelf avowed. In his character, he ſhould be ſorry to ſuppoſe that his adverſary could, by any enquiry, have diſcovered any thing which he would be diſpoſed to diſlike. It muſt therefore have been his ſuppoſed unfitneſs for the ſituation to which he aſpired, that had ſuggeſted to him the neceſſity of aiming at his excluſion. This he allowed to be fair ground of oppoſition. When the Country has occaſion for the exertion of the beſt abilities it poſſeſſes, its Repreſentation ought not to be permitted to fall into incapable hands. His antagoniſt, no doubt, felt in himſelf a conſciouſneſs of his own ſuperior capacity for the diſcharge of thoſe great and important duties which are incumbent on a Member of the Britiſh Parliament, and thinks that the benefit to be derived from his ſervices, will more than compenſate for the evils attendant on a Conteſt. This was a point which he could not poſſibly diſcuſs. On their reſpective pretenſions, the Electors alone were competent to decide; and he ſhould await their deciſion,

not without anxiety, but at the ſame time with ſuch a degree of hope, as the reception he had met with among them could not fail to inſpire.

Mr. RAMSBOTTOM, addreſſing himſelf to the Returning Officer, requeſted to be heard in reply; upon which Mr. GRANT put in his claim to a rejoinder; but the Gentlemen being informed by the Mayor's Council, that it was not uſual to enter into debates on ſuch occaſions, a ſhow of hands was immediately requeſted by the Mayor, for each Candidate, taking thoſe in favour of Mr. ISHERWOOD firſt; but being unable to determine in whoſe favour the majority was, a Poll was demanded on the part of Mr. ISHERWOOD, by Mr. RAMSBOTTOM, ſeconded by Mr. T. HATCH; and on the part of Mr. GRANT, by Mr. LOATHIS, ſeconded by Mr. PROCTOR.

The Poll commenced at a quarter before eleven o'clock, and continued without intermiſſion till about half an hour paſt ſix; when the numbers ſtood

For Mr. GRANT,	- - - -	89
Mr. ISHERWOOD,	- -	79
Undecided,	- - - -	4

SECOND DAY.

THE Second Day's Poll commenced according to adjournment on the preceding day, at nine o'clock, on *Saturday*, *February* the firſt, and finally cloſed the ſame day, at four o'clock in the afternoon; when Mr. GRANT was declared duly elected, by a majority of Thirteen legal Votes.

Mr. ISHERWOOD, as in the commencement of the buſineſs, took the lead in his addreſs to the Electors; and declared, that if all thoſe who had profeſſed themſelves to be his friends, and who had aſſured him of their ſupport and intereſt, had kept their promiſes, he ſhould not have yielded the victory of the day to his opponent. However, though the preſent conteſt had terminated againſt him, he could with great ſincerity and truth ſay, that the preſent was one of the happieſt days of his life; which was rendered ſo by the very liberal and diſintereſted ſupport he had received from thoſe whom he ſhould ever conſider as his real friends, and to whom he gave his hearty thanks. He was alſo much obliged to thoſe who had honoured him with their good wiſhes, though they had reluctantly voted againſt him. He had only further to obſerve, that the iſſue of the preſent Election, ſhould not deter him from his endeavours to ſerve the Borough of

Windſor; or make him ſwerve from his attachment to the King; or induce him to withhold his ſupport from Government.

Mr. GRANT immediately ſucceeded Mr. ISHERWOOD, and acknowledged the obligations he felt for the honour conferred, as well as the duty impoſed upon him; the oné he ſhould ever moſt gratefully remember, and the other as ſedulouſly endeavour faithfully to diſcharge. To be thought worthy of ſuch a truſt, at ſuch a time, was no ſlight diſtinction. To all, who by their ſuffrages, or their exertions, had contributed to his ſucceſs, his warmeſt thanks were due. As he truſted he ſhould never deviate from thoſe principles which he had avowed, he hoped he ſhould never forfeit the good opinion which he had had the happineſs to obtain. He thought he might, with reaſon, complain of ſome circumſtances in the conduct of his opponents; but, in that moment, he forgot them all; and if any thing had proceeded from his ſide, that had proved offenſive to the feelings of Gentlemen on the other, he was heartily ſorry for it. Political contention was of itſelf a ſufficient evil, without being embittered by perſonal animoſity. At that hour he ſhould detain them no longer than to requeſt that all his friends would manifeſt the ſame peaceable and orderly diſpoſition in the hour of victory, that had diſtinguiſhed them during the continuance of the conteſt.

COUNCIL.

For The *Returning Officer*, - - *Mr. Luders.*

Mr. Isherwood, - - - - *Mr. Sheppard.*

Mr. Grant, - - - - - *Mr. Bond.*

A

COPY, &c.

The Initials at the top of the Columns, ſtand for the Names of the CANDIDATES.

S. B. ſignifies that the Voter took the Bribery Oath.

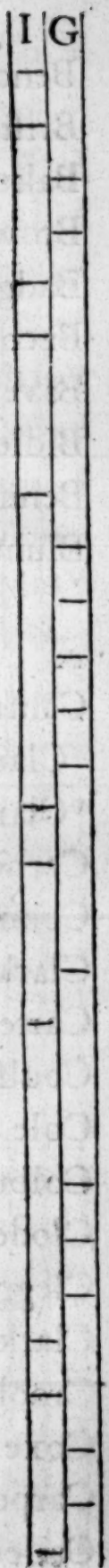
S. D. the Oath of Deſcription.

* Before a Voter's Name, ſignifies that the Council objected to the Vote: For the Deciſion on which, ſee the Appendix.

A.		I	G
AYLETT Charles, ſurgeon		—	
Ambroſe John, gardener		—	
Armſtrong John, ſurveyor,	S. B. D.		—
Adcock John, ſtaymaker		—	
Aſtle John, leather-cutter			—
Allan Andrew, hair-dreſſer	S. B.		—
Atkins James, ironmonger			—
Alwright William, carpenter			—

	I	G
Andrews Joſeph, fruiterer, S. B.		—
Atherton Joſeph, fiſhmonger	—	
Anderſon Joſeph, ſhoemaker S. B.		—
*Ayres James, victualler, tendered for	—	
B.		
Brawn Robert, Eſq.		—
Brooker George, labourer		—
Berry Cornelius, victualler	—	
Burn James, nurſeryman		—
Bedborough Thomas, ſtone-maſon		—
Brereton Owen Saliſbury, Eſq.		—
Biggs John Andrew, wine-merchant	—	
Buckeridge John, Eſq.		—
Brown William, haberdaſher	—	
Blakeney John, ſtationer		—
Boſtock Rev. John, A. M.		—
Biggs William, ſhoemaker		—
Burtt Francis, ſhopkeeper		—
Barrow William, gardener	—	
Bovingdon Edward, grocer		—
Biſhop John, ſen. linen-draper		—
Biſhop John, jun. linen-draper		—
*Becket John, gentleman, S. B.		—
Bedborough William, ſtone-maſon	—	
Bullock Thomas, grocer	—	
Brookes Richard, ſhoemaker S. B.	—	
Benning Richard, gentleman	—	
Battiſcomb Robert, apothecary		—

		I	G
Bending Joſeph, butcher			—
Briſtow James, painter		—	
Baker William, japanner		—	
Brown Richard, yeoman			—
Badger William, labourer	S. B.		—
Bacon Nathaniel, ſhoemaker	*S. B.*		—
Baverſtock James, brewer		—	
Bidle William, phyſician			—
Bennet George, patten-maker		—	
Blunt Robert, ſaddler			—
C.			
Cantrell Seward Richard, innholder		—	
*Clark Iſaac, gentleman	S. B.		—
*Clark John, gentleman			—
Carpenter John, ſaddler		—	
Coombs James, ironmonger			—
Clark George, poulterer			—
Carter Weſtbrook, carpenter		—	
Coulſey Thomas, coachman	S. B.	—	
Cole Robert, attorney at law			—
Colburn James, butcher	S. B,		—
Clode George, innholder		—	
Clegg David, painter		—	
Clark Richard, tallow-chandler		—	
Crook Robert, cooper		—	
Coxe Thomas, victualler		—	
Carpenter William, poſtilion			—
Calley Robert, ſhopkeeper	*S. B.*		—



Clegg Iſaac, ſen. victualler
Clegg Iſaac, jun. waiter
Cooper William, innholder
Crook William, glazier
Caley William, victualler
Chapman Richard, coachman

D.

Davis Thomas, draper
Dawſon Thomas, cheeſe-monger
*De Luc John Andrew, gentleman
Davis John, lockſmith
Delavaux Francis Albert, coal-merchant
Dixon William, cordwainer
Druce William, ſmith
*Dudley Thomas, grocer
*Dixon George, ſen. cordwainer, and collector of the window tax
*Davis Richard, carpenter, tendered for

E.

Earley William, bricklayer
Emlyn Henry, ſurveyor
Emlyn James, builder
Eldridge William, ſmith
Exell Richard, poulterer
Egelſtone James, hatter and hoſier
Elgar John, ſaleſman
Emory John, victualler

		I	G
F.			
Fiſh James, butcher		—	
Fuller Captain Edward		—	
Faugoin James, land ſurveyor			—
*Ford Thomas, labourer		—	
Forreſt Charles, gentleman			—
Frewin Edward, ſhoemaker			—
Franklin William, white-ſmith		—	
Francis John, carpenter			—
Franklin Thomas, maltſter		—	
Frowd Joſeph, builder	S. B.	—	
Ford William, mealman		—	
G.			
Goodworth Robert, carpenter			—
Gerrard Charles, attorney at law		—	
Gorton William, Eſq.			—
Gibbons Rev. Mr. John			—
Grantham Charles, brandy-merchant			—
Gaſkoin Edward, innholder,	S. B.	—	
Grantham John, victualler		—	
Greener Thomas, white-ſmith		—	
Grace William, baker		—	
Gurley William, innholder			—
Grantham George, cordwainer,	S. B.		—
Gould John, ſhoemaker			—
Gardener William, ſchoolmaſter		—	
Goodman John, yeoman		—	

	I	G
Gillybrown James, jun. carpenter, S. B.	—	
Gueſt William, watchmaker	—	
Gould Thomas, gardener S. B.		—
H.		
Heberden William, M. D.		—
*Hill William, cordwainer		—
Hunt John, victualler	—	
Hatch Thomas, attorney at law	—	
*Hart John, ſhoemaker, tendered for. S. B.	—	
Howſe John, farrier		—
Horn John, wheelwright		—
Harris John, gentleman	—	
Hanſon William, watchmaker	—	
Holderneſs John, labourer	—	
Hughes Charles, yeoman	—	
Heſter Thomas, victualler	—	
Howell Henry, gentleman	—	
Huſſey Henry, labourer		—
Heſter William, labourer		—
Huſſey John, butcher	—	
Hawkins John, cordwainer	—	
Holt Richard, cordwainer	—	
Horniman Richard, upholſterer	—	
Heather John, brazier	—	
Hatch John, draper		—
Harford John, pawnbroker	—	
Haynes Berry, victualler	—	
Hill Arthur, cabinet-maker	—	

	I	G
Hervey William, yeoman		—
Haynes Charles, gentleman	—	
Haines Jeremiah, gentleman	—	
Hart Iſaac, maltſter		—
Hatch George, draper		—
Hand Thomas, gentleman		—
J.		
Jarman John, taylor	—	
Jarman William, Gunner of *Windſor* Caſtle		—
Jenner William, carpenter		—
Jones William, taylor, S. B.		—
*Jarman Charles, *Peaſcod-Street*, taylor S. B.		—
Jarvis Thomas, gentleman	—	
Jenner James, carpenter		—
Jackſon Henry, hair-dreſſer		—
Jarman Charles, *Thames-Street*, taylor		—
K.		
Kelſey Richard, ſhoemaker S. B.	—	
Kimberley William, ſen. appraiſer		—
Knight Charles, ſtationer		—
Kates John, taylor S. B.	—	
Kimberley William Lewin, auctioneer	—	
L.		
*Leach William, ſurveyor		—
Lind James, phyſician		—
Lucket George, victualler	—	

		I	G
Leſter Richard, paſtrycook		—	
Legge Robert, druggiſt			—
Lovegrove Philip, jun. gardener			—
Loathis Thomas, gentleman			—
Lovegrove George, grocer			—
Lawrence Richard, bricklayer	S. B.		—
Lovegrove Philip, ſen. gardener			—
Liddel William, brazier			—

M.

Maynard Samuel, yeoman			—
Mathews William, gentleman			—
Merrick John, gardener			—
Martin Richard, attorney at law		—	
Macbean James, cabinet maker			—
Mackrell William, taylor			—
Millns James, grocer			—
Morice Rev. Charles		—	
Maſon William, barge maſter		—	
Moore Thomas, ſen. brewer			—
Moore Thomas, jun. brewer			—
Mackei Benjamin, bricklayer		—	
Manly William, carpenter		—	
Maſters Richard, gardener		—	
Merchant John, taylor	S. B.	—	
Mingay James, M. D.	S. B.		—
Merrick Robert, gardener			—
Moore Edward, harneſs maker		—	
Minchin Richard, labourer		—	

		I	G
May James, bricklayer		—	
Maſon Robert, gentleman		—	
Murray Michael, draper		—	
Mills Richard, corn-chandler		—	
Merryman John, ſtone-maſon			—
N.			
Norris Joſeph, cutler			—
Norman Joſeph, dealer in coals			—
P.			
Powell William, victualler			—
Pulton Rev. Mr. Thomas		—	
Proctor Henry, Eſq.			—
Paddy John, Eſq.	S. B.		—
Puckeridge Joſeph, carpenter		—	
Parker Edward, plaiſterer			—
Perryman Paul, haberdaſher			—
Pierſe William, gentleman			—
Peters Henry, joiner		—	
Packer Henry, wheelwright			—
Pond Francis, barber	S. B.		—
Poynder Benjamin, grocer			—
Piper John, butcher			—
Piper Richard, fiſhmonger	S. D.	—	
Pennington Robert, brazier		—	
Phillips Thomas, baker			—
Pharoah Francis, labourer		—	

	I	G
Parker Reddington, baker		—
Perryman Thomas, baker	—	

Q.

	I	G
Quarterman Leonard, labourer		—
Quelch William, ſchoolmaſter		—

R.

	I	G
Reading Henry, ſawyer S. B.		—
Ruſſel Seaton, cabinet-maker	—	
Rimmington Richard, painter		—
Robinſon William, victualler	—	
Round Stephen, attorney at law	—	
Ramſbottom John, brewer	—	
Reddington William, wine merchant		—
Rice Benjamin, taylor		—

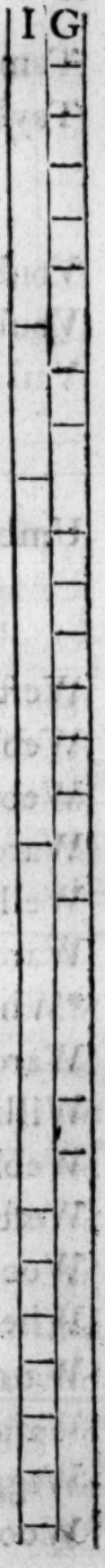
S.

	I	G
Sibſon Robert, billiard table keeper		—
Stuart Charles, painter		—
Sturges John, Eſq.	—	
Snow Charles, peruke-maker	—	
Stalker James, market gardener	—	
Spencer Thomas, ſmith and farrier	—	
Smith John, cordwainer	—	
Silver Richard, gardener	—	
Stephens Thomas, attorney's clerk		—
Styles John, horſe breaker	—	
Shaw Thomas, ſurgeon	—	

Snowden John, grocer
Secker John, ſen. breeches-maker
Slingſby John, ſtone-maſon
Scott Chriſtopher, gentleman S. B.
Secker John, attorney at law
Spencer James, farrier
Secker Charles, breeches-maker
*Skinner Iſaac, ſoap boiler, tendered for
Sawyer Joſeph, baker
Streeting Richard, nurſeryman
Spink Marſhall, pawnbroker
Snow John, haberdaſher
Sharman Joſeph, draper
Sparks Robert, baker S. B.
Smith James, labourer S. B.
Swift Edward, clothes ſeller
Style Henry, oil and colourman

T.

Tibbott Obadiah, carpenter
Thomas William, ſurgeon and apothecary
Thompſon John, cooper
Twinch John, victualler
Trevanion John, Eſq.
Twinch John, jun. gardener
Taylor Robert, joiner S. B.
Townley Joſeph Benjamin, victualler
Timms Edward, taylor



		I	G
Tame Edward, carpenter		—	
Taylor David, cabinet-maker			—
V.			
Voules William, ſen. farmer			—
Voules William, jun. corn-chandler			—
Vaſſall Richard, Eſq.			—
U.			
Umbleſtone John, ſhopkeeper	S. B.		—
W.			
Weſt Benjamin, hiſtorical painter			—
Webb James, gentleman		—	
Webb James, jun. gentleman		—	
Ward Thomas, hair-dreſſer		—	
Wells Joſeph, draper		—	
Ward James, bricklayer	S. B.		—
*Wheeler Thomas, miniature painter	*tenant*	—	
Ward Charles, ſchoolmaſter		—	
Williams Francis, ſhoemaker	S. B.		—
Webb James, cordwainer			—
Weſt Daniel, barge maſter		—	
Wootten William, victualler		—	
Wheeler Iſaac, brazier			—
Watmore William, victualler		—	
Weight William, taylor		—	
Wigginton William, victualler		—	
Woods Thomas, corn-chandler		—	

		I	G
Weall ~~Thomas~~ John, colourman		—	
White John, ſtay maker		—	
Wright Joſeph, labourer			—
Warner John gentleman	S. D.	—	
Weight Samuel, taylor		—	
Wheatley John, grocer		—	
Webb Adam, baker		—	

Numbers Polled.

For Mr. GRANT, - - - - -	149
Tendered for Mr. GRANT, but reſerved for further diſcuſſion, - - - - -	2
	151
For Mr. ISHERWOOD, - - -	136
Tendered for Mr. ISHERWOOD, but reſerved for further diſcuſſion, - - - - -	4
	140

By the above Statement, Mr. GRANT has a majority of only Eleven; but as the Council did not think it neceſſary to enter into further diſcuſſion on the merits of the reſerved Votes, it was agreed between the parties, to reject them entirely in the caſting up of the Poll: Therefore, in the return, Mr. GRANT is declared to have a majority of Thirteen legal Votes.

General State of the POLL, &c.

For Mr. GRANT, - - - -	149
Mr. ISHERWOOD, - - - -	136
Tendered, but not decided on, - - -	6
Rejected, - - - - -	14
Real, and ſuppoſed Voters, that did not offer, -	15
	320

APPENDIX.

Perſons whoſe Votes were not tendered, either becauſe they wiſhed to avoid giving offence to the one Party or the other; or, becauſe the legality of them was queſtionable, from the deciſion on ſome of the annexed Caſes, &c.

HAND Rev. John
Layton ~~George~~ Charles, paſtrycook
Martin Richard, ſen. gentleman
Smith Daniel, upholſterer
Thornton Henry, comedian
Webb James, grocer

Bull William, Cheeſemonger.
Cutler William Henry, plumber
Cutler Edward, glazier
Dean Thomas, coachmaſter
Kendal Thomas, coachmaſter
Kelner Erneſt, muſician
Miller John, muſician
Papendick Chriſtopher, Eſq.
Sale John, gent. of his Majeſty's Chapel Royal
Sumner Richard, Eſq.

CONTESTED VOTES.

ALLAN ANDREW, hair-dreſſer, was thought ineligible to vote, as he had not paid Scot and Lot ſix months before the Election. It was contended that he had been rateable more than that time, and as he had paid the rates as ſoon as he was applied to for them, his vote was received.

ARMSTRONG JOHN, builder. Mr. Armſtrong's vote was reſiſted becauſe he and his family had quitted WINDSOR, three weeks before the Election began; and had alſo removed the whole of his furniture, not intending to return; though the term for which he had taken his houſe, did not expire till Lady-Day next; for which time he had relet the whole of the premiſes, except one room. Upon reflection, Mr. A. thought it within the ſcale of poſſibility, that his Majeſty might require his ſervices again at WINDSOR, within the above ſpace of time; in which caſe he ſhould certainly return to the room he had reſerved; and therefore conſidered it as his uſual place of abode. On taking the oaths preſcribed, Mr. A. was admitted to poll.

AYLET CHARLES, ſurgeon, was objected to on account of nonreſidence; Mr. A. having been for ſome time paſt at BATH, for the benefit of his health; but, on its being proved that he had not only regularly paid the rates in WINDSOR, as well as kept domeſtic ſervants conſtantly in the houſe, and had moreover himſelf ſlept at it ſome nights previous to the Election; his vote was admitted.

AYRES JAMES, victualler; who, about fourteen months ago, married the Widow NASH, landlady of the Spread Eagle Public-houſe, in George-Street; was objected to by Mr. BOND, becauſe his name did not appear on any of the Poor's Rate Books. Mr. SHEPPARD, on the part of AYRES, contended, that as AYRES had actually and virtually paid the rates, it would be extremely hard to deprive him

of his franchiſe, merely becauſe the Pariſh Officers had neglected their duty, or thought proper to inſert his wife's former name inſtead of his own. Many law arguments were uſed on each ſide, and at length the Returning Officer received the vote, on condition of its being further argued, if thought neceſſary, previous to the final cloſe of the Poll.

BECKET JOHN, gentleman. Mr. SHEPPARD conceived that Mr. BECKET, being one of the Poor Knights of WINDSOR, who in the ſtatutes oftheir order are ſtiled Poor, or Alms Knights, could not poſſibly, in law, be conſidered as a legal voter. However, the gentlemen on the other ſide, made a very wide diſtinction between parochial relief, and the annual ſtipend which Mr. BECKET received as a Poor Knight; and as he reſided in a houſe within the Borough, for which he had regularly paid the rates, his vote was received.

BOULT STEPHEN, coachmaker, was rated for a houſe in which one of his journeymen conſtantly lived, and where Mr. B. when he thought proper, ſlept in a room reſerved for that purpoſe. He alſo occaſionally dined at the houſe, and then employed and conſidered his journeyman's wife, as his domeſtic ſervant: But as neither Mr. BOULT's wife, or any other part of his family, had ever reſided there, the Returning Officer could not conſider it as Mr. B.'s uſual place of abode, and rejected his vote accordingly.

BLAKENEY JOHN, ſtationer. The legality of Mr. BLAKENEY's vote was queſtioned on account of his being Sub-diſtributer of Stamps; but which objection was overruled, on Mr. BLAKENEY's declaring that he had neither appointment or ſalary from Government for it; but that he acted under, and during the pleaſure of, the Diſtributer for the County.

CANTRELL HENRY, farmer. Mr. CANTRELL ſtated, that he rented part of the Tythes of the Pariſh, for which he was rated, and that on account of his being Scavenger of the Borough, it was ſometimes neceſſary he ſhould ſleep in WINDSOR, in order to be

with his men early in the morning, to give them directions about their buſineſs: That he had a bed-room reſerved for him in his mother's houſe; but that he ſometimes ſlept at his brother's. Mr. C. declining to take the Oath of Deſcription, his vote was rejected.

COLBURN JAMES, butcher, it was conteſted did not reſide in the houſe for which he was rated; part of which was occupied by his ſiſter, and part let out in lodgings. However, as COLBURN had regularly paid the rates, though it was admitted that he lived with his employer, Mrs. BANNISTER; yet, as that was within the Borough, his vote was deemed legal.

DAVIS RICHARD, carpenter, was objected to by Mr. BOND; who contended that there was not any voter of Mr. DAVIS's deſcription in WINDSOR, his name not appearing once on any of the Rate Books. It was argued on the other ſide, that although Mr. D. might have reaſons for not wiſhing to have his name entered in the books, yet he actually and *bona fide* paid the rates; to prove which, Mr. D. produced his landlord's receipts, in whoſe name the houſe had been rated. Reſerved.

DIXON GEORGE, ſen. cordwainer, was oppoſed as being a Collector of the Window Tax. Mr. D. ſtating that he received his appointment from the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax, his vote was admitted.

DIXON GEORGE, jun. ſhoemaker, not having been rated ſix months, was rejected.

DRUCE WILLIAM, ſmith, was objected to for not being rated for the houſe he then occupied; but it appearing that he had paid a rate in November, for the houſe that he had quitted, his vote was received.

DUDLEY THOMAS, grocer, lived with his aunt, and aſſiſted her in her buſineſs; paid the rent of the houſe, and was rated for it. Notwithſtanding he confeſſed that his aunt repaid him the rent,

it was contended that, as by ſuffering himſelf to be rated, he was ſubject to all the penalties of the law; he therefore ought to be entitled to the benefits of it. Admitted.

FORD THOMAS, labourer, conteſted for being in arrears to the Poor's Rates, part of which he paid in Auguſt laſt, and promiſed to pay the remainder; ſince when, the Overſeers had not called on him, partly owing to his poverty, and partly to ſuit their own conveniency; FORD living at the extremity of the Pariſh. Vote admitted.

GOULD JOHN, ſhoemaker. It was urged that GOULD's father being a certificate perſon, from the Pariſh of *Hemelhamſtead*, to the Pariſh of WINDSOR, was barred his right of voting. For want of precedent, the vote was allowed.

HART JOHN, cordwainer, was objected to for having excuſed himſelf from paying the Poor's Rates, the laſt time he was applied to for them. It was anſwered by the Council on the other ſide, that though the Pariſh Officers had not called on HART lately, yet they continued to rate him; a proof that they did not conſider him in a ſtate of poverty, or inſolvency. Reſerved.

HARBERD JAMES, labourer, was ſuppoſed to be rated for a houſe rented by his ſon-in-law, TERRENT; which miſtake aroſe from the ſame houſe being formerly rented by J. HARBERD, jun. who had quitted the premiſes. HARBERD, ſen. lodged with his ſon-in-law, TERRENT; and ſaid he had paid all the rates that he had been aſked for, which was not any. Rejected.

JARMAN CHARLES, taylor, had, for ſome time paſt, by various excuſes, put off the payment of the Poor's Rates: A day or two previous to the Election, ſome perſon paid them for him, which was ſuppoſed to have been done with a fraudulent intention to gain his vote. Reſerved.

LEACH WILLIAM, ſurveyor. It was obſerved by the Council, that Mr. L. being a Clerk of the Works, acting under the Board of that name, lived in a houſe, as had been cuſtomary for perſons holding his Office to do, rent free; he would therefore aſk him, whether he was not reimburſed all the money he paid for Taxes? Mr. L. anſwering in the negative, was admitted.

MATHER JOHN, ſhoemaker,
MARTIN RICHARD, ſhoemaker,
NORTH GEORGE, painter,
ROUND JOHN bricklayer,
SAUNDERS WILLIAM, draper,
} Rejected, for not having been rated, or reſident, ſix months preceding the Election.

PIPER RICHARD, fiſhmonger, was objected to on a ſuppoſition that his houſe, which is ſituated on the ETON ſide of WINDSOR Bridge, was not within the limits of the Borough; but it appearing, from evidence, that part of the houſe ſtood in the Borough of WINDSOR, and part in the Pariſh of ETON; and Mr. PIPER declaring, that the bed in which he uſually ſlept, was in a room that was within the boundary mark of the Corporation of WINDSOR, his vote was admitted.

SAVORY CHARLES, labourer, on account of ſickneſs, ſome time in Auguſt laſt, begged the Overſeer to excuſe him his rate, which requeſt the Overſeer granted. SAVORY recovered his health, and ſince that time had paid all his rates, except the one forgiven him. This being conſidered as parochial relief, granted within the laſt twelve months, his vote was rejected.

SECKER CHARLES, breeches-maker, it was ſtated, was rated for a houſe which he let out in lodgings; but as he had conſtantly reſided with his father, within the Borough, his vote was admitted.

SKINNER ISAAC, ſoapboiler, was objected to for not paying all the rates within the laſt ſix months; as alſo for having always refuſed to pay them, except when applied to on the eve of the Election. Reſerved.

VASSAL RICHARD, Eſq. It was contended that Mr. VASSAL had not a right to vote, the rates for the houſe occupied by him ſtanding in the name of Mrs. PILGRIM, or occupier; and that Mrs. PILGRIM's agent had paid the rates on her account, as he had always been accuſtomed to do; that Mr. VASSAL had not paid any rate. Mr. VASSAL declared, that though he had not been called on for the rates, he conceived himſelf liable, as well as bound in honour, to pay them. Admitted.

WEBB ~~JAMES,~~ Wm glazier; claimed a right to vote for a houſe for which he was rated in WINDSOR, where he kept a Journeyman and his wife, to attend his buſineſs; though he himſelf reſided with his family in ETON. Mr. W. ſaid he occaſionally took his meals, and ſlept in WINDSOR; but, that his wife and family had not done ſo lately. Rejected.

WHYATT JOHN, ſhoemaker, it was obſerved, having ſprained his leg, in September laſt, obtained leave from the Overſeer to apply to the Pariſh Doctor. Rejected.

WHEELER THOMAS, miniature painter, was conteſted for having refuſed to pay his rates, becauſe he was then aſſeſſed at the rate of 10l. a year; but underſtanding that the laſt rate was altered to 8l. a year, he offered to pay it the day before the Election, when the Overſeer refuſed to take it. Reſerved.

WINKFIELD THOMAS, gardener. It was proved that WINKFIELD had quitted the houſe for which he was rated upwards of four months; and that he was not rated for any other premiſes at the time of the Election. Rejected.

WARNER ~~WILLIAM,~~ JOHN gent. was objected to on account of nonreſidence; but taking the oath of deſcription was admitted.

WANT WILLIAM WHYATT, innholder, was deemed ineligible to vote, being lately appointed Sub-poſtmaſter. It was contended that he had not received his inſtructions from the Surveyor of the Diſtrict; and that no part of the buſineſs was tranſacted by his directions or authority. On the appointment being produced, which was dated the 13th of January, his vote was rejected. *Want had also been sworn into his office, which was the principal ground of objection.*

CORRECTIONS and ADDITIONS.

PREFACE, *del.* Notwithſtanding.
INTRODUCTION, page 10, for Council, *read*, Counſel.
POLL, page 3, for Poſtilion, *read*, Poſtillion.
APPENDIX, page 18, for *Hemelhamſtead*, *read*, *Hemelhampſtead*.

ALLAN ANDREW, hair-dreſſer,
BACON NATHANIEL, ſhoemaker,
CALLEY ROBERT, ſhopkeeper,
MINGAY JAMES, M. D.

} S. B. ſhould have been added to each of theſe Names, but, through an error of the Preſs, were omitted.

BRAWN ROBERT, Eſq.
CLARK ISAAC, gentleman,
CLARK JOHN, gentleman,
DE LUC JOHN ANDREW, gent.
GOODWORTH ROBERT, carpenter,
GORTON WILLIAM, Eſq.

} Theſe Gentlemen were reſpectively queſtioned as to their actual Renting, and Paying of Rates; and ſeverally anſwering to the ſatisfaction of the Returning Officer, were admitted.

HILL WILLIAM, cordwainer, it was contended, ought not to vote, being the Letter-carrier of the Town, acting under the Sub-Poſtmaſter, from whom he received a ſalary; which ſalary was repaid the Sub-Poſtmaſter by the Poſtmaſter General. HILL ſaid, that the buſineſs was originally undertaken by his wife, and ſtill carried on by her; though he acknowledged that he occaſionally aſſiſted her:—That neither his wife or himſelf held, or ever had any appointment from the Poſtmaſter General; nor had either of them ever taken any oath reſpecting the buſineſs in queſtion. This not being controverted, his vote was admitted.

HAINES JEREMIAH, gentleman. The Houſe for which Mr. HAINES ſtood rated, it was obſerved, was let to a Mrs. WEBB; —that Mr. H. occaſionally reſided in LONDON, and ſometimes at WINDSOR;—that when he was at the latter place, he lived with his brother, either as a viſiter, or as a lodger; and therefore could not, within the meaning of the act, be deemed a legal voter. It was contended by the Counſel, in behalf of Mr. H. that though he reſided at WINDSOR only as it ſuited his pleaſure; yet, whenever he did ſo, he had a particular apartment to go to; one reſerved excluſively for his own uſe; and as he was aſſeſſed to the Poor's Rates, notwithſtanding it might not be for the premiſes he occupied, there could be no doubt of his having a right to vote. The Oath of Deſcription being adminiſtered to Mr. H. which neceſſarily included his claim to gentility; his vote could not be further diſputed.

CORRECTIONS and ADDITIONS.